



# HeRO: Heliophysics Radio Observer

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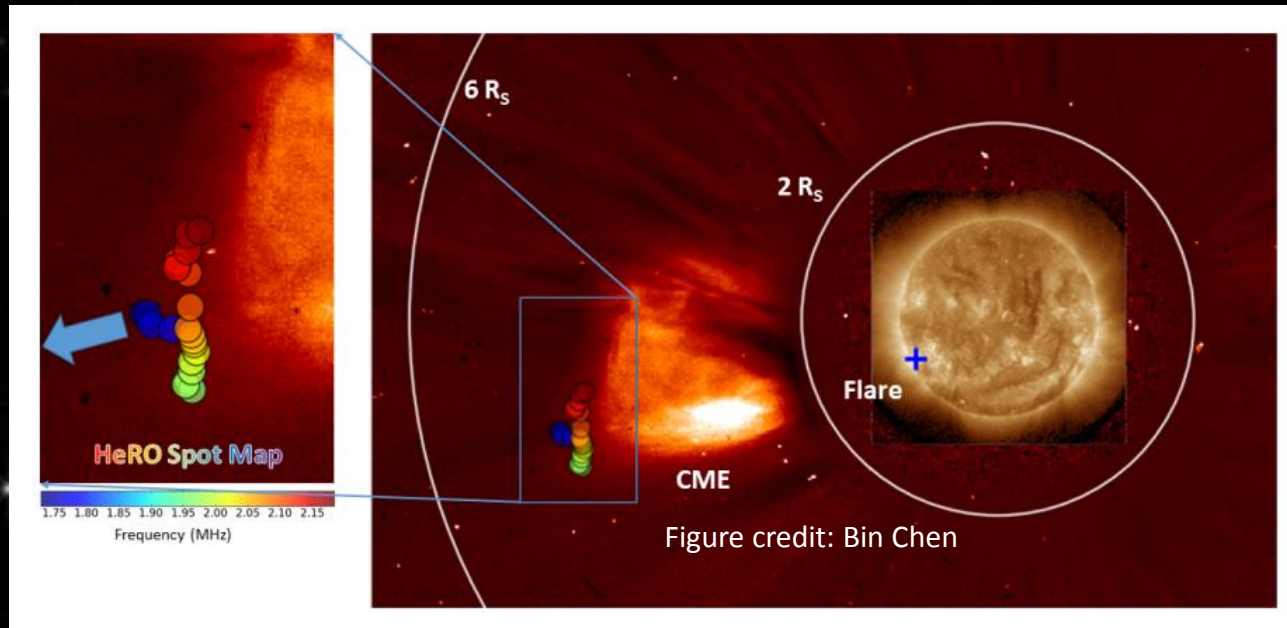
# HeRO: Heliophysics Radio Observer

## Key Questions

- What are the shapes and properties of CME shock fronts?
- What are the sites and conditions for efficient particle acceleration in coronal and interplanetary shocks?
- What is the topology of magnetic fields from the sun into the heliosphere?



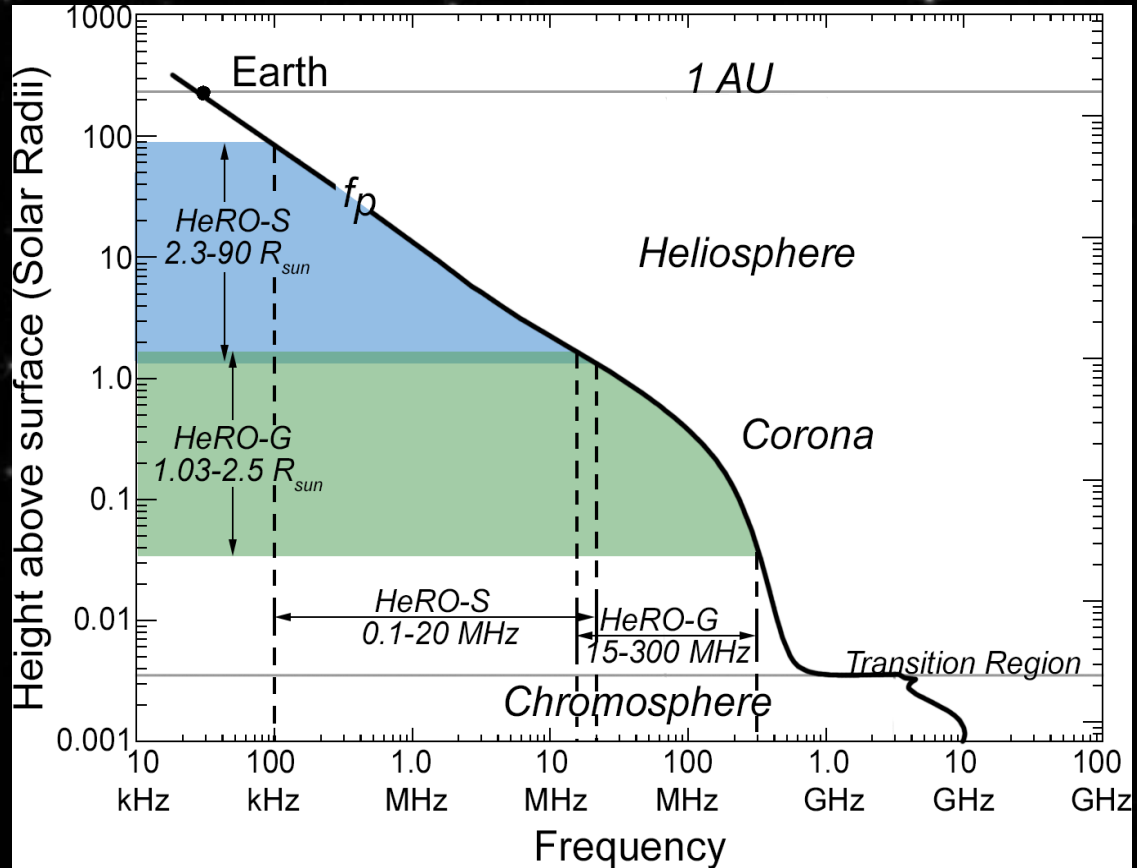
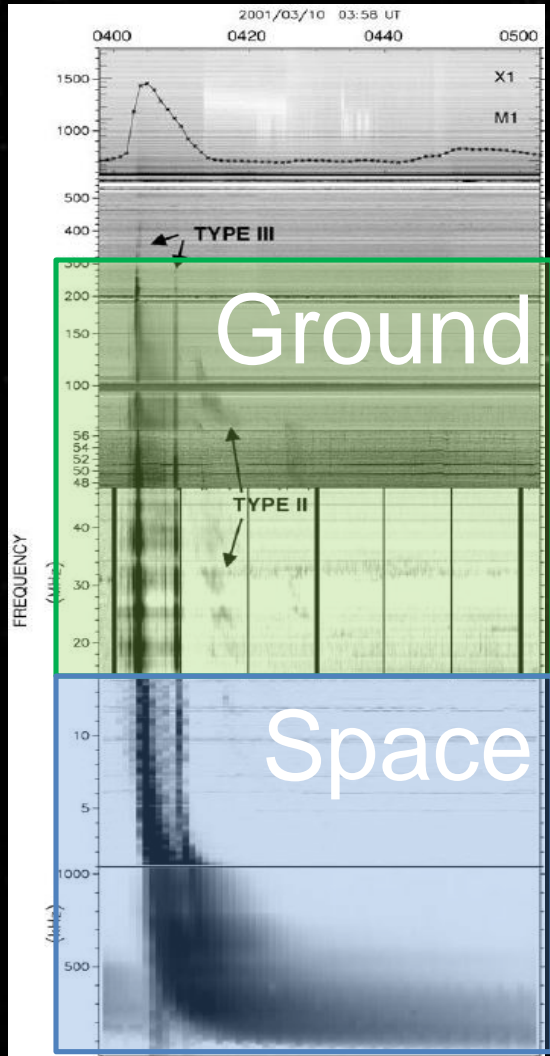
Tracking type II and type III radio bursts with high temporal and spatial resolution across a wide range of frequencies



# A Hybrid Instrument Space + Ground

300  
MHz

100  
kHz





# HeRO-G

- Based on RAPID
  - Radio Array of Portable Interferometric Detectors
- 15 – 300 MHz
- Self-contained units with antenna, amps, receiver, data storage, power
- 25 units per HeRO-G station (300 baselines)
- 2 HeRO-G stations widely separated in longitude for > 60% temporal coverage

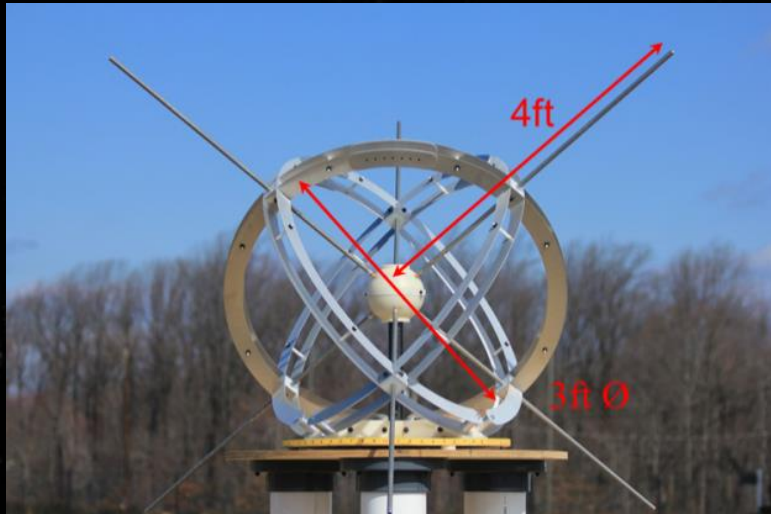


# HeRO-S

- 6 CubeSats (6U) – 15 baselines
- 100 kHz – 20 MHz
- Baselines 500 m – 10 km
- Near-geosynchronous orbit
- Voltage data stored in ring buffer onboard, correlated and post-processed on the ground



# Vector Sensing



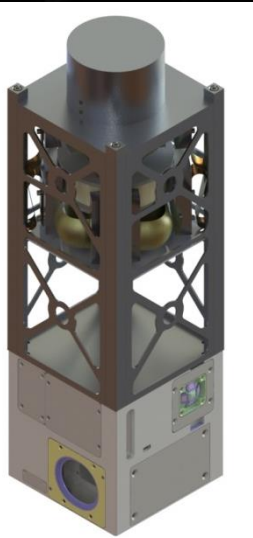
The vector sensor enables nulling of interfering sources

- 3 dipoles + 3 loops (electrically small)
- Measures full E and B field vectors,  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{S}$  (Poynting vector)
- Determines sources' intensity, direction and polarization in single snapshot
- Typically used for finding direction of strong sources
- Additional degrees of freedom when compared to triad/tripole
- **More sensitive ( $\geq 2\times$ ), capable element than tripole for interferometric arrays**

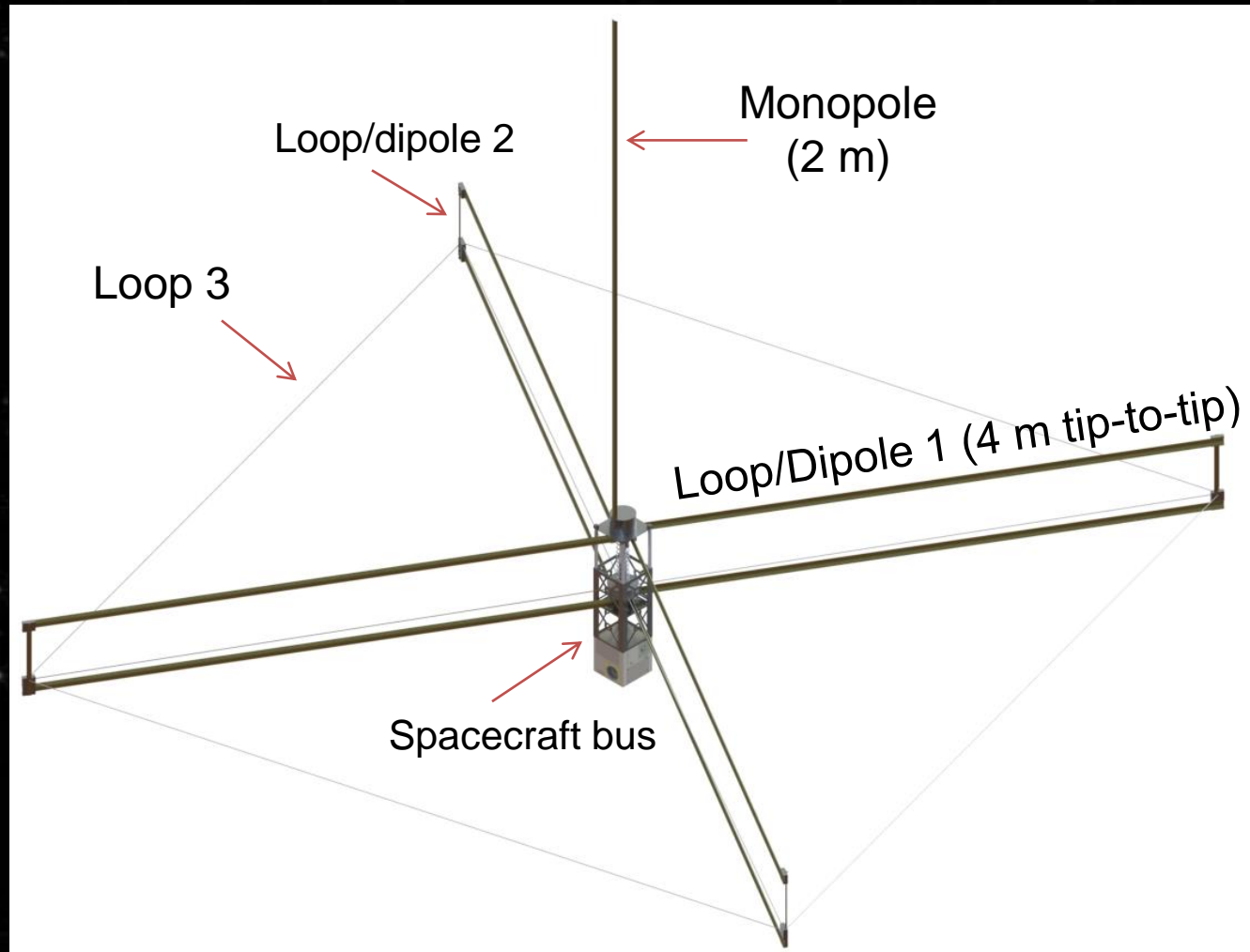
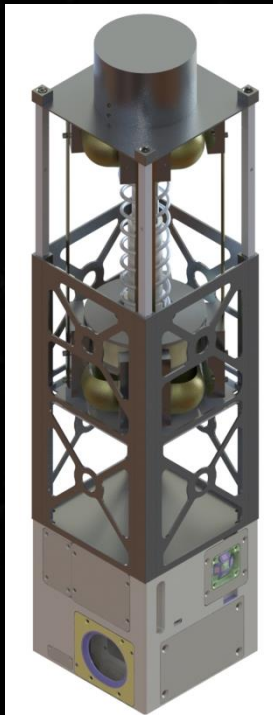


# CubeSat Deployable Vector Sensor

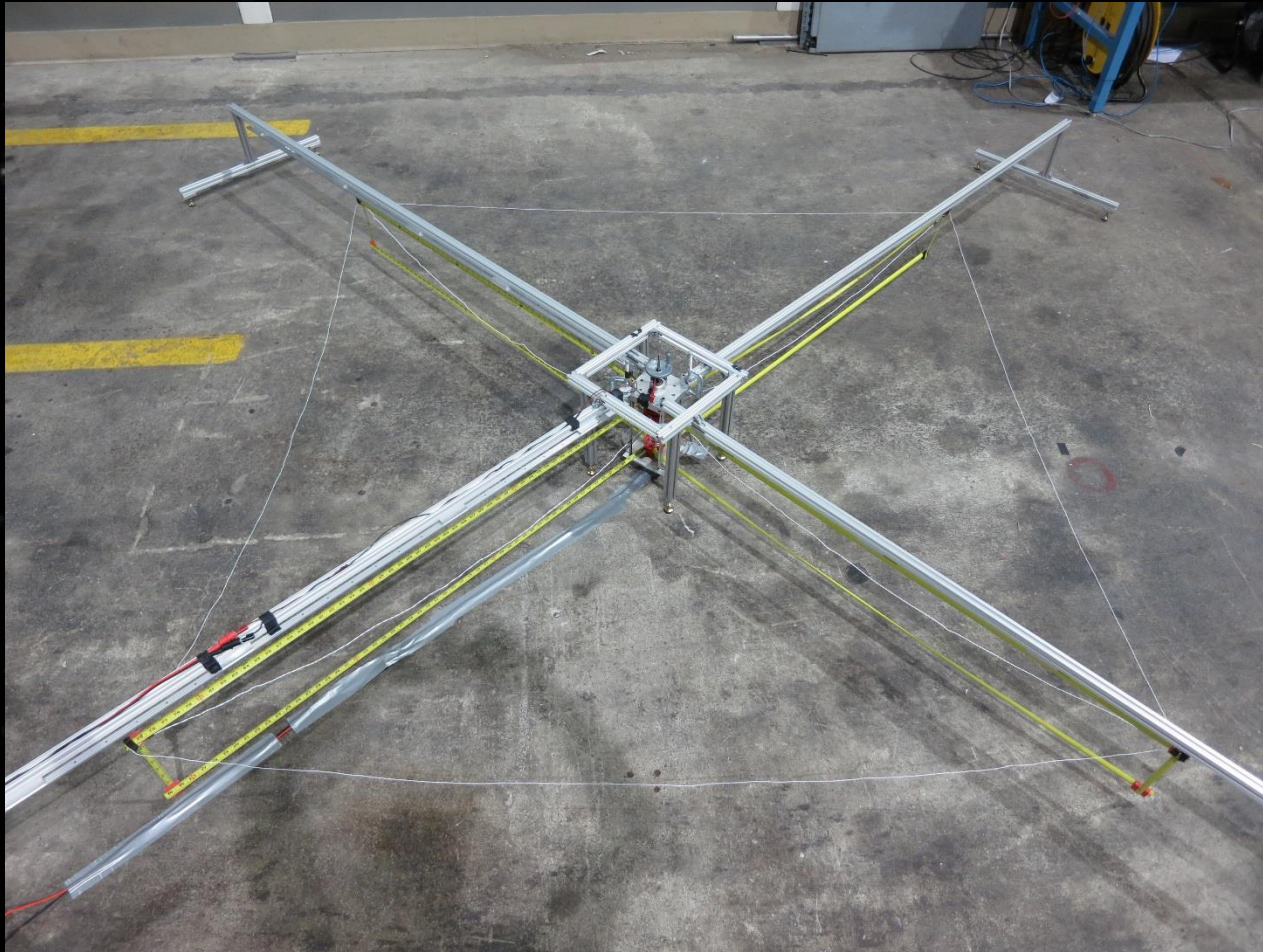
Stowed



Telescoped



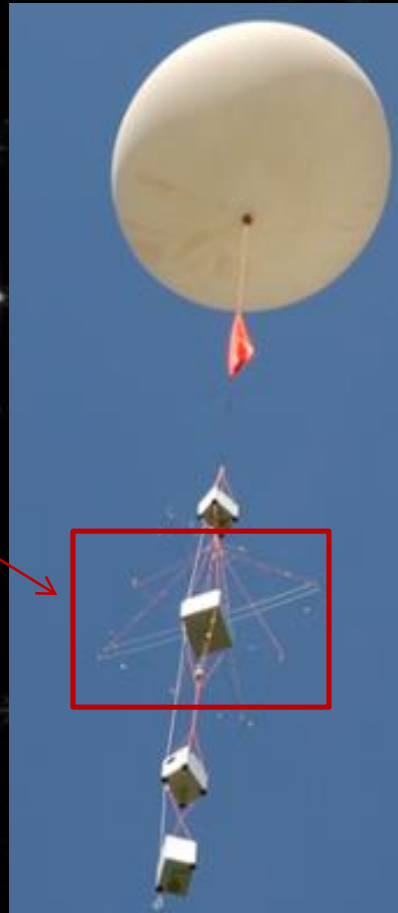
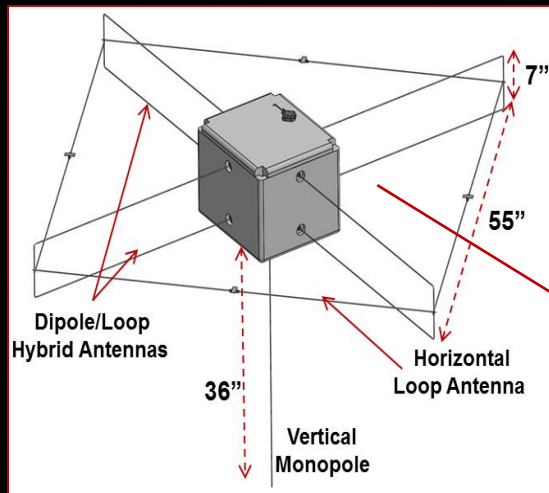
# Deployable Vector Sensor Prototype



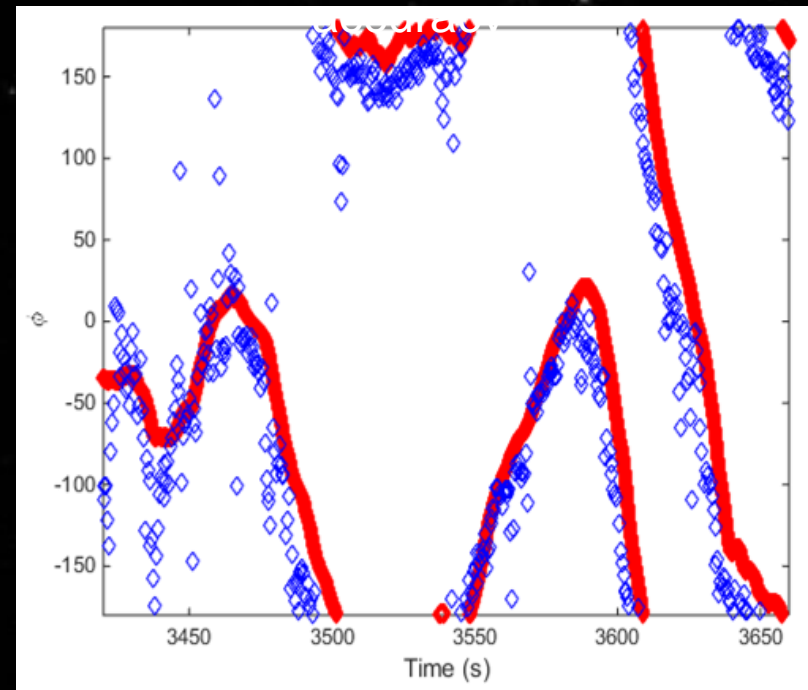


# High Altitude Balloon Test (Single Vector Sensor)

Balloon-mounted  
vector sensor tracked  
angle of arrival of test  
beacon on the ground



Results:  $\sim 3^\circ$  direction of arrival



Direction of arrival (azimuth) vs. time

Red: Truth

Blue: Vector sensor measurement

# Summary

- HeRO is a hybrid space + ground heliophysics observatory
- HeRO will generate a rich multidimensional dataset on type II and III bursts
- High temporal, spatial, and frequency resolution and full polarization information
- Context measurements for upcoming solar missions (SPP, SO)
- Potential for discovery – a new way to look at the sun

# Acknowledgements

HeRO collaboration:

Dale Gary (PI), Colin Lonsdale, Frank Robey,  
Mike Hecht, Linda Fuhrman, Bin Chen, Mary  
Knapp, Frank Lind, Ryan Volz, Alan Fenn, Alex  
Morris, Mark Silver, Kerry Johnson, Divya  
Oberoi, Juha Vierinen, Sarah Klein, Sara  
Seager, Fash Azad, Will Rogers, Tom Brown

Generous support provided by the Lincoln  
Laboratory Advanced Concepts Committee